

TG-III-A-2 - Resource Management Systems

SANTA ROSA FIELD OFFICE

Irrigated Cropland Guide Sheet^{1/}

Resource Data

MLRA - 70
Soils - WEG 2
T-5

WEQ

C-150
I-134
K-1.0

The following alternatives are acceptable regardless of tillage methods used provided the minimum specified amounts of residue are managed as indicated in the Management requirements section. Critical wind erosion period November thru April.

Irrigated Cropland Alternatives^{2/}

Alternative 1: Continuous Wheat

Minimum crop residue amounts - 900 pounds/acre growing wheat

Alternative 2: Continuous Grain Sorghum

Minimum crop residue amounts - 1300 pounds sorghum standing grain sorghum
3250 pounds of flat sorghum with leaves

Alternative 3: Continuous Forage Sorghum

Minimum crop residue - 900 pounds stubble

Alternative 4: Continuous Corn

Minimum crop residue - 3450 pounds flat corn residue

Alternative 5: Any rotation or other crop grown continuously with comparable levels of protection. (Use WEQ and USLE to ensure that total erosion losses are less than "T".)

^{2/} Acceptable alternatives as long as water erosion does not exceed "T".

Management Requirements

- Wheat - Maintain the minimum amounts of growing small grain residue during critical erosion period.
- Grain Sorghum - Leave the minimum specified amounts of standing grain sorghum residue on the soil surface until April 1, or as near planting time as possible, whichever is later.

Forage Sorghum - When Forage Sorghum is harvested, leave a minimum specified amount of 6 1/2" high stubble on the soil surface until April 1, or as near planting time as possible, whichever is later.

1/ This guidesheet may be used for conservation compliance and/or sodbusing.

Guidesheets approved by Guadalupe SWCD Board.

Andy Cardona
Supervisor

4-26-89
Date

Mary Suecho Retuy DC
District Conservationist

4-27-89
Date

Robert W. Bruce
Area Conservationist

5-1-89
Date

DM

Ray Murphy
State Conservationist

5/11/89
Date

TG-III-A-2-Resource Management System

SANTA ROSA FIELD OFFICE

Irrigated Cropland Guide Sheet^{1/}

Resource Data

MLRA - 70
Soils - WEG 3,4,4L,5,6
T-5

WEQ

C-100
I-86 or less
K-0.7

The following alternatives are acceptable regardless of tillage methods used provided the minimum specified amounts of residue are managed as indicated in the Management requirements section. Critical wind erosion period November thru April.

Irrigated Cropland Alternatives^{2/}

Alternative 1: Continuous Wheat

Minimum crop residue amounts - 700 pounds/acre growing wheat.

Alternative 2: Continuous Grain Sorghum

Minimum crop residue amounts - 1000 pounds sorghum standing grain sorghum
2200 pounds of flat sorghum with leaves

Alternative 3: Continuous Forage Sorghum

Minimum crop residue - 700 pounds stubble

Alternative 4: Continuous Corn

Minimum crop residue - 2400 pounds flat corn residue

Alternative 5: Any rotation or other crop grown continuously with comparable levels of protection. (Use WEQ and USLE to ensure that total erosion losses are less than "T".)

^{2/}Acceptable alternatives as long as water erosion does not exceed "T".

Management Requirements

- Wheat - Maintain the minimum amounts of growing small grain residue during the critical erosion period.
- Grain Sorghum - Leave the minimum specified amounts of standing grain sorghum residue on the soil surface until April 1, or as near planting time as possible, whichever is later.

Forage Sorghum - When Forage Sorghum is harvested, leave a minimum specified amount of 6 1/2" high stubble on the soil surface until April 1, or as near planting time as possible, whichever is later.

1/ This guidesheet may be used for conservation compliance and/or sodbusing.

Guidesheets approved by Guadalupe SWCD Board.

Alfredo Flores
Supervisor

4-26-89
Date

Mary Seabury Peterson DC
District Conservationist

4-27-89
Date

Robert D. Bruce
Area Conservationist

4-1-89
Date

Ray Brubaker
State Conservationist

5-11-89
Date

SANTA ROSA FIELD OFFICE

Irrigated Cropland Guide Sheet^{1/}

Resource Data

MLRA - 70
Soils - 2
T-5

WEQ

C-100
I-134
K-1.0

The following alternatives are acceptable regardless of tillage methods used provided the minimum specified amounts of residue are managed as indicated in the Management requirements section. Critical wind erosion period November thru April.

Irrigated Cropland Alternatives^{2/}

Alternative 1: Continuous Wheat

Minimum crop residue amounts - 750 pounds/acre growing wheat

Alternative 2: Continuous Grain Sorghum

Minimum crop residue amounts - 1200 pounds sorghum standing grain sorghum
2750 pounds of flat sorghum with leaves

Alternative 3: Continuous Forage Sorghum

Minimum crop residue - 800 pounds stubble

Alternative 4: Continuous Corn

Minimum crop residue - 3000 pounds flat corn residue

Alternative 5: Any rotation or other crop grown continuously with comparable levels of protection. (Use WEQ and USLE to ensure that total erosion losses are less than "T".)

^{2/}Acceptable alternatives as long as water erosion does not exceed "T".

Management Requirements

- Wheat - Maintain the minimum amounts of growing small grain residue during the critical erosion period.
- Grain Sorghum - Leave the minimum specified amounts of standing grain sorghum residue on the soil surface until April 1, or as near planting time as possible, whichever is later.

Forage Sorghum - When Forage Sorghum is harvested, leave a minimum specified amount of 6 1/2" high stubble on the soil surface until April 1, or as near planting time as possible, whichever is later.

1/ This guidesheet may be used for conservation compliance and/or sodbusing.

Guidesheets approved by Guadalupe SWCD Board.

Bill E. Johnson
Supervisor

4-26-1989
Date

Mary Sanchez acting DC
District Conservationist

4-27-89
Date

Robert L. Bruce
Area Conservationist

5-1-89
Date

PM
Ray J. Jurgens
State Conservationist

5/11/89
Date

MAY 1 1989

TG-III-A-2 - Resource Management Systems

SANTA ROSA FIELD OFFICE

Irrigated Cropland Guide Sheet^{1/}

Resource Data

MLRA - 70
Soils - WEG 3,4,4L,5,6
T-2

WEQ

C-100
I-86 or less
K-1.0

The following alternatives are acceptable regardless of tillage methods used provided the minimum specified amounts of residue are managed as indicated in the Management requirements section. Critical wind erosion period November thru April.

Irrigated Cropland Alternatives^{2/}

Alternative 1: Continuous Wheat

Minimum crop residue amounts - 900 pounds/acre growing wheat

Alternative 2: Continuous Grain Sorghum

Minimum crop residue amounts - 1300 pounds sorghum standing grain sorghum
3250 pounds of flat sorghum with leaves

Alternative 3: Continuous Forage Sorghum

Minimum crop residue - 900 pounds stubble

Alternative 4: Continuous Corn

Minimum crop residue - 3450 pounds flat corn residue

Alternative 5: Any rotation or other crop grown continuously with comparable levels of protection. (Use WEQ and USLE to ensure that total erosion losses are less than "T".)

^{2/} Acceptable alternatives as long as water erosion does not exceed "T".

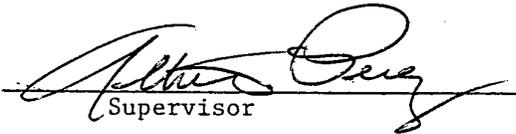
Management Requirements

- Wheat - Maintain the minimum amounts of growing small grain residue during the critical erosion period.
- Grain Sorghum - Leave the minimum specified amounts of standing grain sorghum residue on the soil surface until April 1, or as near planting time as possible, whichever is later.

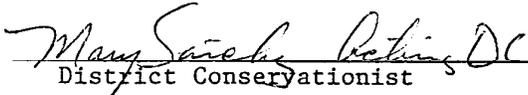
Forage Sorghum - When Forage Sorghum is harvested, leave a minimum specified amount of 6 1/2" high stubble on the soil surface until April 1, or as near planting time as possible, whichever is later.

1/ This guidesheet may be used for conservation compliance and/or sodbusing.

Guidesheets approved by Guadalupe SWCD Board.


Supervisor

4-27-89
Date


District Conservationist

4-27-89
Date


Area Conservationist

5-1-89
Date


State Conservationist

5/1/89
Date

SANTA ROSA FIELD OFFICE

Irrigated Cropland Guide Sheet 1/

Resource Data

MLRA - 70
Soils - WEG 3,4,4L,5,6
T-5

WEQ

C-150
I-86 or less
K-1.0

The following alternatives are acceptable regardless of tillage methods used provided the minimum specified amounts of residue are managed as indicated in the Management requirements section. Critical wind erosion period November thru April.

Irrigated Cropland Alternatives 2/

Alternative 1: Continuous Wheat

Minimum crop residue amounts - 700 pounds/acre growing wheat.

Alternative 2: Continuous Grain Sorghum

Minimum crop residue amounts - 850 pounds sorghum standing grain sorghum
2000 pounds of flat sorghum with leaves.

Alternative 3: Continuous Forage Sorghum

Minimum crop residue - 1200 pounds stubble

Alternative 4: Continuous Corn

Minimum crop residue - 2100 pounds flat corn residue.

Alternative 5: Any rotation or other crop grown continuously with comparable levels of protection. (Use WEQ and USLE to ensure that total erosion losses are less than "T".)

2/ Acceptable alternatives as long as water erosion does not exceed "T".

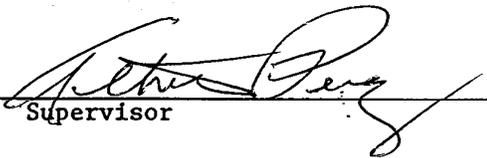
Management Requirements

- Wheat - Maintain the minimum amounts of growing small grain residue during the critical erosion period.
- Grain Sorghum - Leave the minimum specified amounts of standing grain sorghum residue on the soil surface until april 1, or as near planting time as possible, whichever is later.

- Forage Sorghum** - When Forage sorghum is harvested, leave a minimum specified amount of 6 1/2" high stubble on the soil surface until April 1, or as near planting time as possible, whichever is later.
- Corn** - Leave the minimum specified amounts of corn residue on the soil surface until April 1, or as near planting time as possible, whichever is later.

1/ This guidesheet may be used for conservation compliance and/or sodbusting.

Guidesheets approved by Guadalupe SWCD Board.



Supervisor

2-18-88

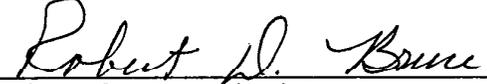
Date



District Conservationist

8-11-88

Date



Area Conservationist

8-11-88

Date



State Conservationist

8/19/88

Date